#### What is claimed is:

10

15

- 1. An electroluminescent lamp (EL lamp) comprising:
  - (a) a transparent substrate;
- (b) a light-transmitting electrode-layer formed on said transparent substrate;
  - (c) an adhesive synthetic resin layer formed on said light-transmitting electrode-layer;
  - (d) a luminescent layer formed of said synthetic resin layer with phosphor particles fixed uniformly;
    - (e) a dielectric layer formed on said luminescent layer; and
    - (d) a back electrode-layer formed on said dielectric layer.

## 2. The EL lamp of claim 1,

wherein said luminescent layer is formed by spraying the phosphor particles on a surface of said synthetic resin layer, then heating and pressing said synthetic resin layer for sinking the phosphor particles in said synthetic resin layer.

## 3. The EL lamp of claim 1,

wherein said synthetic resin layer is not adhesive at a room temperature.

## 4. The EL lamp of claim 1,

wherein a diameter of one of the phosphor particles is greater than a thickness of said synthetic resin layer.

#### 5. The EL lamp of claim 1,

wherein a principal ingredient of said synthetic resin layer is one of cyano resin, fluororubber, polyester resin and phenoxy resin.

## 6. The EL lamp of claim 1,

wherein a thickness of said synthetic resin layer is not less than 0.01  $$\mu m$$  and not more than 50  ${\mu m}.$ 

## 7. The EL lamp of claim 1,

wherein a diameter of one of the phosphor particles is not less than  $$25\,\mu m$$  and not more than  $90\,\mu m.$ 

## 8. The EL lamp of claim 1,

wherein a shape of said transparent substrate is a curved surface shape.

15

- 9. The method for manufacturing an EL lamp comprising the steps of
- (a) forming a light-transmitting electrode-layer on a transparent substrate;
- (b) forming an adhesive synthetic resin layer on the light-transmitting electrode-layer;
  - (c) forming a luminescent layer by sticking phosphor particles on the synthetic resin layer uniformly;
    - (d) forming a dielectric layer on the luminescent layer; and
    - (e) forming a back electrode layer on the dielectric layer.

25

20

10. The method for manufacturing the EL lamp of claim 9, wherein the synthetic resin layer is not adhesive at a room

temperature.

- 11. The method for manufacturing the EL lamp of claim 9,
  wherein a diameter of one of the phosphor particles is greater than a
  thickness of the synthetic resin layer.
  - 12. The method for manufacturing the EL lamp of claim 9, wherein a thickness of the synthetic resin layer is not less than 0.01  $\mu m$  and not more than 50  $\mu m$ .

10

25

- 13. The method for manufacturing the EL lamp of claim 9, wherein a diameter of one of the phosphor particles is not less than 25  $\mu m$  and not more than 90  $\mu m$  .
- 14. The method for manufacturing the EL lamp of claim 9, wherein step (c) further comprises:
  - $\ensuremath{\mathbf{i}}$  ) spraying the phosphor particles on a surface of the synthetic resin layer; and
  - ii) heating and pressing the synthetic resin layer, thereby sinking the phosphor particles in the synthetic resin layer.
    - 15. The method for manufacturing the EL lamp of claim 9,

wherein in step (d), the dielectric layer is formed on the luminescent layer by coating and drying paste of a high dielectric constant, and solvent which one of dissolves and swells the synthetic resin layer is used as organic solvent included in the paste of a high dielectric constant.

# 16. The method for manufacturing the EL lamp of claim 9,

wherein in step (c), after the phosphor particles are blown to a surface of the synthetic resin layer with heated air, the phosphor particles not fixed on the surface of the synthetic resin layer are removed by a sucking nozzle.

5

10